

3rd Annual Congress on

Pollution and Global Warming

&

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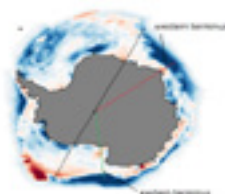
Space Weather: WZ Sagittae space weather

Statement of the Problem: The earth's atmosphere is currently experiencing changes that are caused by pollution from debris streams from exploding stars, nova and supernova. The debris streams also cause global warming. The closest nova WZ Sagittae has provided the additional energy to bring the northern hemisphere out of the Little Ice Age and form the shape of the Arctic ice cap through the past 100 years. Focused debris streams also add energy to our atmosphere at discreet locations and SN 1006 has caused the loss of life in India's high temperatures for 2015 and 2016. SN 1006 also caused the extensive sea ice melt in Antarctica in November 2016.

Methodology & Theoretical Orientation: By knowing the distance to the remnant of the nova and supernova, the time the explosion occurred and the velocity of the debris stream, an approximate year of arrival at planet earth can be calculated. By searching the internet, biosphere disturbances are found at approximately the same time of the arrival of the nova and supernova debris streams for years 1933, 1966, 1998, 2007 and 2012. An Ideal terminus or focal point is modified due to passage through the solar magnetic field to correlate the high temperatures for India.

Findings: Global warming effects have been correlated with the arrival time of nova and supernova explosions over the past 100 years.

Conclusion & Significance: The current trend for global warming specialist to blame fossil fuels and CO₂ for the increase of planetary temperatures may be incorrect and the true source of our current global warming is due to debris impact streams from nova WZ Sagittae, SN 1054 and SN 1006. An additional incentive besides inhibiting the fossil fuel industry could be added to design a mechanism or system to stop the incoming particle stream from exploding stars to protect living organisms on our planet. Since President Trump wishes to remove the responsibility of global warming from the fossil fuel industry, it would be wise to identify supernova or nova explosions as the source of the additional energy being added to the planet that causes global warming. This is possible through the Supernova and Nova Impact Theory (SNIT) being presented.



Biography

W P Sokeland has qualified for his PhD from the University of Florida and returned to participate in the Skylab project at McDonald Douglas. He enjoys internet research concerning the impact of supernova and nova debris streams on the planet earth. He is offering numerous papers for publication and since currently no one believes supernova and nova debris streams impact our planet, he is the sole source of his chosen topic. His Supernova and Nova Impact Theory, SNIT, predicts current actions of debris streams that have significant impact on the theories of heating and cooling for our planet. The question, where is the energy coming from that causes global warming? has been answered by the SNIT.

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