

Commentary

Role of Naturopathy in Primary Care and in Treating Diseases

Sanna Esu^{*}

Department of Naturopathy in Primary Care, University of Naturopathy, India

DESCRIPTION

The philosophy of natural remedies is to stimulate the body's ability to heal itself and treat the root cause of the disease. Natural remedies are independent general internal medicines that combine ancient healing traditions with scientific advances and current research. It is guided by a unique set of principles that recognize the body's innate ability to heal, emphasize disease prevention, and encourage individual responsibility for optimal health. The naturopathic doctor (ND) strives to fully understand each patient's condition and sees the symptoms as a physical means of communicating the underlying imbalance. Natural remedies are an independent primary medicine system that combines modern scientific knowledge with traditional and natural forms of medicine. The philosophy of natural remedies is to stimulate the body's ability to heal itself and treat the root cause of the disease. Symptoms of the disease are seen as warning signals for physical dysfunction and adverse habits.

Natural remedies emphasize illness as a process rather than a unit. Natural remedies are independent general internal medicines that combine ancient healing traditions with scientific advances and current research. It is guided by a unique set of principles that recognize the body's innate ability to heal, emphasize disease prevention, and encourage individual responsibility for optimal health. The naturopathic doctor (ND) strives to fully understand each patient's condition and sees the symptoms as a physical means of communicating the underlying imbalance. Treatment is aimed at the patient's underlying condition, not the person showing symptoms. The modality used by ND includes diet and clinical nutrition, behavioral transformation, hydrotherapy, homeopathy, phytomedicine, physiotherapy, medicines, and mild surgery. Natural remedies can be traced back to the practice of "natural remedies" in Europe in the 19th century, which was a system for treating illnesses using natural means 2 such as water, fresh air, food, and herbs. .. In the early 20th century, natural remedies developed in the United States and Canada, combining natural remedies, homeopathy, spinal manipulation, and other therapies. Naturopaths usually have the option of practicing in a freelance environment and working in hospitals, spas, research, healthcare, management, retail management, or the media.

Non-practitioners can be found in nutrition and family counselling centres as well as in beauty clinics. Specialties in infertility, skin problems, sports, children, or geriatrics are possible. The acceptance of natural remedies is increasing around the world, and there is increasing movement and communication within the European Union. A naturopath is a health therapist who uses naturopathic remedies. Her / his range covers more than fasting, diet, water, and exercise. This includes the use of approved natural remedies such as homeopathy, acupuncture, and herbal medicine, as well as the use of state-of-the-art methods such as Bioresonance, ozone therapy, and colonic hydrotherapy. The ability of naturopathic practitioners to use natural healing methods is crucial now that modern techniques, pollution, poor diet, and stress play important roles in poor health. Often, naturopathic physicians are the last resort patients have long sought for health. Alternative practitioners see people as an overall unity of body, mind, and soul by providing individualized care to each patient.

CONCLUSION

This offers a wealth of opportunities for professional and personal growth. Naturopathic doctors use a variety of treatments and focus on natural self-healing rather than specific methods. There are also ways to rely on unimportant "life energy fields" that have not been proven to exist, and there is concern that specialized natural remedies tend to be isolated from common scientific discourse. The effectiveness of naturopathic medicine as a whole has not been systematically evaluated and the effectiveness of the individual methods used will vary.

Received:	02-March-2022	Manuscript No:	IPQPC- 22-13296
Editor assigned:	04-March-2022	PreQC No:	IPQPC- 22-13296 (QC)
Reviewed:	18-March-2022	QC No:	IPQPC- 22-13296
Revised:	23-March-2022	Manuscript No:	IPQPC- 22-13296 (R)
Published:	30-March-2022	DOI:	10.36648/1479-1072.22.30.35-36

Corresponding author Sanna Esu, Department of Naturopathy in Primary Care, University of Naturopathy, India; E-mail: Sanna@12gmail.com

Citation Sanna E (2022) Role of Naturopathy in Primary Care and in Treating Diseases. Qual Prim Care. 30.41805.

Copyright © Sanna E. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The author is grateful to the journal editor and the anonymous reviewers for their helpful comments and suggestions.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The author declared no potential conflicts of interest for the research, authorship, and/or publication of this article.