

ISSN 2469-6676

Vol.6 No.4

Delivery of nerve growth factor via Nasal Spray & CNS Therapy: State of the

art

Alberto de Bellis

Maria Rosaria Maglione Foundation onlus, Naples, Italy

Abstract

Nerve growth factor (NGF) is the Founding Member of the neurotrophins family of proteins, known for playing a critical protective role in the development and survival of sympathetic, sensory and basal forebrain cholinergic neurons in mammals, including humans. NGF has a neuroprotective action in Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease, as showed by several studies in animal models and humans. NGF can be delivered to the CNS via nasal route and has a neuroprotective action in case of neurodegenerative diseases and brain injury. Furthermore, recent studies have shown an active link between the nasal pathway and the spinal cord in the delivery of NGF to the CNS, thus demonstrating the neuroprotective ability of NGF to support injured neurons in a mouse model of spinal cord injury. Intranasal delivery of NGF has so far been sufficiently investigated in animal models and only recently in humans, as demonstrated in a recent study on long-term intranasal administration of NGF in two patients affected by Frontotemporal Dementia associated with corticobasal syndrome (FTD/CBS) and in another study on intranasal administration of NGF in a Brain Injury. These studies demonstrated the neuroprotective role of NGF administered nasally. Intranasal administration is the most effective and noninvasive way to deliver NGF to the CNS. These neuroprotective properties of NGF make it a strong candidate for the future treatment of neurodegenerative diseases and other pathologies of CNS (brain injury, spinal cord injury, ischemic damage) when administered via nasal route. NGF would not be able to cure the FTD/CBS but these observations support the hypothesis that NGF slows down the usual decline of the disease. However, these studies reinforce the concept that neurotrophins are able to reach and protect the CNS via nasal route and open the way for new lines of research. Hence, these findings suggest the ability of NGF to protect CNS neurons when administered via nasal spray.





Biography:

Dr. Alberto de Bellis, Neurosurgeon, is the Founder and Chairman of Maria Rosaria Maglione Foundation onlus, nonprofit organization for Neuroscience based in Naples-Italy. The MRM Foundation runs in honor of the founder's mother. Maria Rosaria Maglione, who suffered from Frontotemporal Dementia. The activity of the MRM foundation is mainly aimed at research and health care for neurodegenerative diseases, brain tumors and spinal cord injury and in support of partner foundations operating in Kenya-Africa, such as the Gallmann Memorial Foundation and the African Neurological Diseases Research Foundation. Dr. de Bellis' work focuses on the management and surgery of brain tumors, spinal surgery, management and surgery of traumatic brain injuries and spinal cord injuries. The main research activities of the MRM foundation are focused on the study of the Nerve Growth Factor and its possible neurotherapeutic applications.

<u>Global Summit on Neurology and Neurosurgery</u>; Lisbon, Portugal- January 16-17, 2020.

Abstract Citation:

Alberto de Bellis, Delivery of Nerve Growth Factor via Nasal Spray & CNS Therapy: State of the Art, European Neurosurgery 2020, Global Summit on Neurology and Neurosurgery; Lisbon, Portugal - January 16-17, 2020. (https://neurosciencecongress.neurologyconference.com/abstrac t/2020/delivery-of-nerve-growth-factor-via-nasal-spray-cnstherapy-state-of-the-art)

ISSN 2469-6676

Acta Psychopathologica