Trauma & Acute Care
ISSN 2476-2105

2020

Vol.5 No.2:82

DOI: 10.36648/2476-2105.5.2.82

Alzheimer's Disease with Traumatic Brain Injury

Abdolrasoul Aleezaadeh*

University of Applied Science and Technology, Tehran, Iran

*Corresponding author: Abdolrasoul A, Associate Professor, University of Applied Science and Technology, Tehran, Iran, E-mail: abdolrasoul_alizadeh@yahoo.com

Received date: July 15, 2020; Accepted date: July 29, 2020; Published date: August 5, 2020

Citation: Aleezaadeh A (2020) Alzheimer's Disease with Traumatic Brain Injury. Trauma Acute CareVol.5 No.2:82. DOI: 10.36648/2476-2105.5.2.82

Copyright: © 2020 Aleezaadeh A, et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

Abstract

Age-associated listening to loss (ARHL) or Presbycusis is the natural and physiological adjustments that manifest with inside the auditory gadget with growing age above sixty five years old. One of the capabilities of impairment of auditory gadget features is tinnitus. Both of them (Presbycusis and tinnitus) are crucial chance component for Alzheimer's disease.

Because of bad consequences of Presbycusis and tinnitus at the speech notion in aged people, a considerable variety of people with Alzheimer's disorder have language issues in a few degree of disorder. Because in auditory processing there may be an immediate connection among auditory discrimination, reminiscence, and interpretation of spoken phrase and tinnitus disturbed interest and reminiscence in aged people. It is crucial that we begin remedy and use of listening to useful resource amongst alder adults with Alzheimer's disorder and bitch of Presbycusis and tinnitus.

Keywords: Trauma; Alzheimer 's Disease; Tinnitus; Presbycusis; Traumatic brain injury

Introduction

Traumatic mind damage is a complicated damage. It is distinct and extra complex compared to different annoying conditions. As mind is relevant manage gadget of the frame the damages resulting from mind damage may be fatal. Its complexity may be understood *via* way of means of the reality that no mind accidents are alike, and there result won't seem from weeks to months. Its severity cans variety from unconsciousness for much less than 30 minutes (moderate mind damage) to lack of memory (extreme mind damage).

Certain styles of head accidents, however, can also additionally growth your danger of growing Alzheimer's disorder or different styles of dementias later in life. More-extreme head accidents can also additionally growth your danger of growing Alzheimer's disorder. At first, Alzheimer's disorder normally destroys neurons and their connections in components of the mind concerned in memory, consisting of the entorhinal cortex and hippocampus. It later impacts regions with inside the

cerebral cortex accountable for language, reasoning, and social behavior.

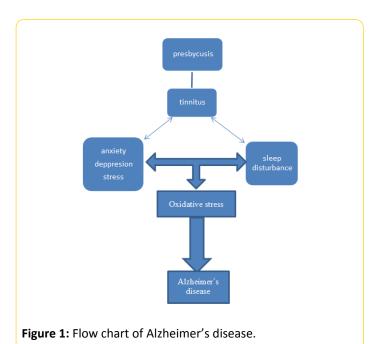
About the Disease

Alzheimer's disease is the most common cause of dementia worldwide, with the prevalence continuing to grow in part because of the aging world population [1]. Alzheimer's disease is one of the maximum devastating mind problems of aged humans. It is an undertreated and under-diagnosed sickness this is turning into a primary public fitness problem. The final decade has witnessed a step by step growing attempt directed at coming across the etiology of the sickness and growing pharmacological treatment [2].

Alzheimer's disorder, dementia is the time period carried out to a set of signs and symptoms that negatively affect reminiscence, however Alzheimer's is a modern sickness of the mind that slowly reasons impairment in reminiscence and cognitive function. Although more youthful humans can and do get Alzheimer's, the signs and symptoms typically start after age 60.

Because of bad outcomes of Presbycusis and tinnitus at the speech belief in aged people, a sizable wide variety of people with Alzheimer's ailment have language troubles in a few degree of ailment. Because in auditory processing there's an immediate connection among auditory discrimination, reminiscence, and interpretation of spoken phrase and tinnitus disturbed interest and reminiscence in aged people. It is critical that we begin remedy and use of listening to resource amongst alder adults with Alzheimer's ailment and whinge of Presbycusis and tinnitus.

Tinnitus is a frequent trouble that can be occurred in any ages but it often happens in the elderly (Zhang et al., 2020). The population of older adults is growing in the world and knowing about the problems in this population could help to increase the health and life style of the elderly (Zhang et al. 2020) [2]. Tinnitus is the perception of sound in one ear, or two ears or inside the head without any external source (Gibrin, Ciquinato, Gonçalves, Marchiori, and Marchiori, 2019) [3] which was exhibited in the **Figure 1**.



Sleep staging is critical for comparing sleep and its disorders. Most sleep research these days include touch sensors that can intervene with natural sleep and can bias results [4]. Sleep disturbance, or somnipathy, is a clinical disease of the sleep styles of a person. Some sleep issues are extreme sufficient to intervene with regular physical, mental, social and emotional functioning. Polysomnography and actigraphy are checks normally ordered for a few sleep issues. Some common types of sleep disorders include:

- Insomnia: In that you have problem falling asleep or staying asleep during the night.
- Sleep apnea: In that you revel in unusual styles in respiration whilst you're asleep.
- Restless legs syndrome (RLS): RLS is a type of sleep movement disorder.

Moderate-to-severe traumatic brain injury is one of the strongest environmental risk factors for the development of

neurodegenerative diseases such as late-onset Alzheimer's disease, although it is unclear whether mild traumatic brain injury, or concussion, also confers risk [5].

Conclusion

So designing remedy protocols with the intention of decline the oxidative pressure stage thru enhance of sleep issues and reduce of pressure or despair in older adults with tinnitus may want to have high-quality consequences at the brain.

Funding

This research did not receive any specific grant from funding agencies in the public, commercial, or not-for profit sectors.

Conflict of Interest

The author declared no conflict of interest.

References

- Weller J (2018) Current understanding of Alzheimer's disease diagnosis and treatment. F1000Res 7: 25-37.
- Zhang W, Yu, Z, Ruan Q (2020) Presbycusis-Related Tinnitus and Cognitive Impairment: Gender Differences and Common Mechanisms Multiple Chronic Conditions-Overview and Management of Chronic Disease Clusters: IntechOpen.
- Gibrin PCD, Ciquinato DS, Gonçalves IC, Marchiori LL (2019).
 Tinnitus and its relationship with anxiety and depression in the elderly: a systematic review. Revista CEFAC 21: 25-36.
- Dafna E, Tarasiuk A, Zigel Y (2018) Sleep staging using nocturnal sound analysis. Sci Rep 8:1-10.
- Hayes JP, Logue MW, Sadeh N, Spielberg JM, Verfaellie M, et al. (2017) Mild traumatic brain injury is associated with reduced cortical thickness in those at risk for Alzheimer's disease. Brain 140: 813-825.